We are delighted you have an interest in making your backyard more bird friendly. Backyards make up a significant portion of green space in our cities… sometimes larger than all our city parks put together! One of the great secrets of the Bay Area is that in the center of every block, behind an unbroken perimeter of houses, lie fifty or sixty backyards, providing food and shelter to local birds, like doves, hummingbirds, finches, jays and even parrots. Migratory birds like the Golden-crowned Sparrow, Dark-eyed Junco and Yellow-rumped Warbler and butterflies, damselflies, bees and spiders also depend on these backyards. By making your backyard a more natural area, you will create a beautiful and interesting garden and make a tangible contribution to the survival of wildlife in our changing world. How to begin? Please read on!

**GETTING STARTED** - Spend time in your yard! Notice the wild creatures that already use it. See which shrubs and trees they favor. Determine the soil type, the prevailing winds and the direction of their force. Take note of the trees and shrubs in your neighbor’s yards and those growing on the streets and parks of your area. Observe if and how they attract wildlife. These observations will help you design a better habitat as well as connect you more deeply to the wildlife we share with our City.

**WATER** - Birds and other wild creatures need water for drinking and bathing. Provide a constant, reliable source of shallow water such as a birdbath, pond or even a dish. Circulating water is best, so using a drip irrigation emitter as a water supply works well. Vessels of water should be placed as high as is practical and out in the open away from hiding predators. The thin overhanging branches of a nearby tree can act as a secure “ladder” for drinking and bathing birds.

**FOOD** - Use an array of native and non-invasive plants that produce nectar, berries, fruit and seeds throughout the year. Many plants will attract beautiful and fascinating butterflies, bees and other insects, which in turn provide food for birds and seldom pose a threat to vegetation.

**COVER** - Create cover for birds and wildlife with plant diversity. Consider varying heights and densities with open areas of native grasses. Keeping a “wild corner” where perennial plants are left alone to grow with little intervention gives birds shelter and nesting materials. This corner could also contain a brush pile, a rock, brick pile, dead tree or hollow log for the same purpose. Though we are tempted to “clean up” our yards, remember that wild lands are not neat and tidy but often tangled with vegetation. Consider allowing a bit of wildness in your yard.

**SAFE COURTSHIP & PARENTING PLACES** - Besides the natural shelters mentioned, birdhouses for cavity nesting birds, like wrens, chickadees, and swallows can provide sanctuaries from predators. Birdhouses should be placed away from windows to keep birds from colliding with windows. Also, it is essential to keep cats indoors. It is safer for the cats as well as for the birds. Indoor cats have more than three times the life expectancy of outdoor cats who risk threats from cars, dogs, and diseases.

**SUSTAINABLE GARDEN PRACTICES** - The way you garden or maintain your landscape impacts the wildlife in your yard. Native trees and plants typically require less water, fewer pesticides, and less fertilizer. Remove invasive plants. Use organic fertilizers and natural pesticides instead of chemical ones; produce rich soil by composting, and mulching. Remember, chemicals in your yard end up in the Bay and throughout the food chain! Consult the resources listed in this brochure to learn how to make your backyard more sustainable for wildlife.

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**Basic Wildlife-Friendly Plants**

**Trees**
- Acer sp. - Maple
- Aesculus californica - Buckeye
- Betula pubescens - Birch
- Pinus sp. - Pine
- Prunus ilicifolia - Islais Cherry
- Quercus agrifolia - Coast Live Oak

**Tall Shrubs**
- Buddleia davidii - Butterfly Bush
- Garrya elliptica - Coast Silk Tassel
- Heteromeles arbutifolia - Toyon
- Myrica californica - Pacific Wax Myrtle

**Medium Shrubs**
- Arctostaphylos sp. - Manzanita
- Baccharis pilularis - Coyote Bush
- Ceanothus sp. - Wild Lilac
- Mahonia sp. - Mahonia
- Rhamnus californica - Coffeeberry
- Ribes sanguineum - Red Flowering Currant

**Perennials & Annuals**
- Achillea sp. - Yarrow
- Aster sp. - Aster
- Cirsium sp. - Thistle
- Eriogonum sp. - Wild Buckwheat
- Eschscholzia californica - California Poppy
- Heracleum lanatum - Cow Parsnip
- Lantana sp. - Lantana
- Lupinus sp. - Lupine
- Mimulus aurantiacus - Sticky Monkeyflower
- Oenothera sp. - Evening Primrose
- Penstemon sp. - Beard Tongue
- Salvia sp. - Sage
- Zauschneria californica - California Fuchsia

**Bunch Grasses**
- Festucra rubra - Red Fescue
- Nassella pulchra - Purple Needlegrass
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Dry Garden Nursery
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East Bay Wilds Native Plant Nursery
2777 Foothill Blvd., Oakland
(510) 409-5858
www.eastbaywilds.com

Native Here Nursery
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(510) 549-0211
www.nativeherenursery.org

Oaktown Native Plant Nursery
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(510) 387-9744
www.oaktownnativenursery.info

Pacific Coast Seed
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www.pcseed.com

The Watershed Nursery
601 A Canal Blvd., Richmond
(510) 234-2222
www.thewatershednursery.com

Resources for Wildlife Gardening
These organizations have web sites that are of interest to the wildlife gardener:

American Bird Conservatory
www.abcbirds.org

California Native Plant Society
www.ebcnps.org

Golden Gate Audubon Society
www.goldengateaudubon.org

Native Habitats
www.nativhabitats.org

National Audubon Society
www.audubon.org/plantsforbirds

National Wildlife Federation
www.nwf.org/Garden-for-wildlife.aspx

San Francisco Botanical Garden at Strybing Arboretum
www.sfbotanicalgarden.org

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2530 San Pablo Avenue, Ste. G
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www.goldengateaudubon.org

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Writings on Wildlife Gardening


These organizations have web sites that are of interest to the wildlife gardener:

American Bird Conservatory
www.abcbirds.org

California Native Plant Society
East Bay Chapter
www.ebcnps.org

Golden Gate Audubon Society
www.goldengateaudubon.org

National Audubon Society
www.audubon.org/plantsforbirds

National Wildlife Federation
www.nwf.org/Garden-for-wildlife.aspx

Protect Our Pollinators
www.sfenvironment.org/pollinators

San Francisco Botanical Garden at Strybing Arboretum
www.sfbotanicalgarden.org

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